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thing later made.  
PERS  
Ties!  
Newport Ties!  
Slippers!  
button Boots for La-  
per line!  
of Ladies' Crimp  
the city. All width  
and Girls a specialty  
Dainty things for  
pared in the effort to  
of the Shoes ever

VOLUME XIV.  
OF POLITICAL IMPORT.

DEMOCRATS OF RHODE ISLAND  
INDORSER SPRAGUE.

A Live Campaign Gives Importance to a Very Small  
State—Seriousness of Secretary Folger—  
An Effort to Abolish Public Hanging  
in the Good Old State of Tennessee.

PROVIDENCE, March 20.—The democratic  
convention has nominated William Sprague  
for governor by a rising vote—only seven  
delegates voting against him. A committee  
was appointed to confer with the committee  
of the independent or Sprague convention,  
held last week, relative to filling the remain-  
der of the ticket. Committees were also ap-  
pointed on resolutions and to invite Mr.  
Sprague to accept the democratic nomination.  
After recess the committee on conference re-  
ported the following nominations: For lieut-  
enant governor, Charles A. George, Provi-  
dence; secretary of state, Warren R. Perce,  
Providence; attorney general, Willard Gayles,  
Providence; general treasurer, James B. Cot-  
trell, Newport. The nominations were ac-  
cepted. The committee on resolutions re-  
ported that it was inexpedient to report a  
platform at this time. The report was ac-  
cepted, and the convention adjourned.

A SICK SECRETARY.

Folger Travelling in Search of Health—The Settle-  
ment of the Arlington Estate.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Secretary Folger  
has gone to Fortress Monroe. He is in very  
bad health. He left the city very quietly  
Saturday afternoon, and the fact of his de-  
parture was not known at the treasury de-  
partment till this morning. Assistant Secretary  
New saw Folger about 3 o'clock Saturday.  
He was then making preparations to leave  
the city, but did not say where he was going,  
or when he expected to return.

The controversy over the Arlington  
estate was settled very quietly in the closing  
hours of the last session of congress. A pa-  
graph was inserted in the deficiency ap-  
propriation bill, appropriating \$150,000 to enable  
the secretary of war to remove all claims and  
pretensions in respect of the property in the  
state of Virginia known as Arlington, on  
which a cemetery for the burial of deceased  
soldiers of the United States has been estab-  
lished, and which property was taken by the  
United States for public use in the year 1861.  
The title to the property was a question at  
issue in a case argued before the supreme  
court some months ago, entitled the United  
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THE WAYNESBORO CHINAMEN.

Letter of Governor Boynton to the Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Governor Boynton  
of Georgia, has informed Secretary  
Frelinghuysen that the case of the Chinese  
brothers who were driven out of Waynesboro  
by a mob, will be immediately referred to  
the state's prosecuting officer of the district  
court embracing that town, with the request  
that the full power of the court be used in  
administering justice in the matter. Governor  
Boynton adds "that the authorities and good  
people of Georgia sanction no kind of lawless-  
ness."

The president has appointed D. B. Russell  
to be United States marshal for the eastern  
district of Arkansas in place of Joseph F.  
Brown, against whom charges of forgery and  
perjury in connection with his accounts are  
pending.

Secretary Chandler sent a telegraphic order  
this evening to the commanding officers of  
all United States navy yards, directing that  
eight hours be regarded as a working day for  
all employees in the government yards until  
further notice shall be given.

JOE WHEELER'S SPEECHES.

A Little Man Who Gets Through With a Heap.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The last number  
of the Congressional Record of the forty-sev-  
enth congress was issued yesterday and deliv-  
ered to-day. It is remarkable for only one  
thing. It is that the smaller man physically  
of the last house has the most matter in it.  
It contains seventy-six pages, and the Hon.  
Joseph Wheeler, of Alabama, occupies six-  
ty of them. In the sixty pages General Wheel-  
er gets three species, two of which he never  
referred to in the house. It is astonishing how  
General Wheeler found time to get up all this  
matter. If he were compelled to pay for print-  
ing all of it, he would hardly have enough  
of his salary left to make a tour of the  
watering places this summer.

THE PRICE DRAFTS RULED OUT.

Mr. Brady Resumes His Evidence Before the Star  
Route Court.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—In the star route  
case, Mr. Ingersoll concluded his argument  
opposed to the admission of evidence con-  
cerning the "Price drafts." The court  
began its decision with an explanation of the  
reason that had influenced it on yesterday  
in refusing to allow the witness to answer  
the question. The question was the relevancy  
of the offered evidence. The indictment  
allowed the reception of two kinds of evi-  
dence, one concerning overt acts, the other as  
proof of conspiracy. Clearly this evidence, if  
received, must be classed under the latter  
head. The court then read from Whar-  
ton on agencies in regard to this  
offer. It was an offer to  
prove act of Brady alone in another matter,  
wholly distinct from the matter involved in  
the indictment. The court did not see that  
it was at all connected with the matter of the  
indictment. There was no authority shown  
as having been delegated by Brady to other  
parties, so it could only be offered against  
Brady. The evidence had been received  
against the separate defendants during the  
progress of the trial, but only under prom-  
ise to connect them with the  
general scheme of the prosecution and where  
the matter referred to was part of the growth  
of conspiracy, but there was no such connec-  
tion in this case. It had been offered as  
tending to show Brady's motives, and when  
that point was first made the court had been  
inclined to find a resemblance between the  
offer and the case of Rex vs. Hurt, but the  
features of the case were absent in the present  
case, so then, if received, it  
would only tend to prove  
crime on Brady's part, without the associates,  
and that was not proper, for none of the  
defendants could be tried for an individual  
crime under this indictment. Therefore the  
offer was excluded. General Brady then re-  
sumed the stand and explained his action  
relative to the temporary contracts upon  
routes pending readjustment, when the  
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ton Custis Lee, defendant. The decision of  
the court was in favor of Lee. The property  
consists of 1,100 acres, and includes the na-  
tional cemetery at Arlington. It was owned  
before the war by Mrs. Mary A. R. Lee, the  
wife of General Robert E. Lee. It was  
willed to Mrs. Lee from her father, George  
Washington Parke Custis, the adopted son  
of George Washington, who was killed at  
Yorktown. It was built in 1801. In accordance  
with the terms of the Custis will, the prop-  
erty, on the death of Mrs. Robert E. Lee,  
passed to George Washington Custis Lee, who  
will, it is understood, be the executor of  
the will. The bill appropriating \$150,000  
made by congress for the estate. He is  
now president of the Washington and Lee  
university.

A SEDUCER KILLED.

A Fatal Game of Cat and Dog—Hit on the Head With  
a Cobblestone.

New York, March 20.—George W. Conkling,  
United States marshal for the eastern dis-  
trict of New York, was shot and killed by  
William H. Havestock, for seduction of his sis-  
ter, Mrs. Usher, in Paris Flat, on Twenty-  
third street, last night.

At about the same hour several boys were  
playing ball in Allegheny City, among them  
Eugene, the ten-year-old son of Captain R. J.  
Grace, a prominent citizen. Two larger and  
older boys, who were unknown to Eugene,  
insisted upon joining the game. Grace re-  
fused to play with them, when one picked up  
a large cobblestone and hit him on the head,  
fracturing his skull and then escaped.

St. Louis, March 20.—A few days ago Je-  
rison Shoemaker, of Decatur, Texas, dis-  
under protest, the sheriff of Montague county  
in arresting a hard character named James  
Savage. On Saturday last Savage met Shoe-  
maker at Burlington, and killed him. Sol  
Richardson, a friend of Shoemaker, attacked Sav-  
age with a knife, whereupon the latter put  
two balls through him, killing him almost in-  
stantly. Savage was arrested, but was released  
on \$2,000 bail.

RIOTS AT LINGAN.

A Large Number of Striking Miners Take Possession  
of a Village.

HALIFAX, March 20.—A telegram from  
Lingan, Cape Breton, says seventy or eighty  
unionist miners came here yesterday, sur-  
rounded a village when the non-union miners  
were returning from work and attacked them.  
The engineer and blacksmith were badly  
kicked. Several others, including  
the manager, were struck. After  
nightfall the rioters increased in numbers,  
and visited the houses of the miners, breaking  
down doors and windows. This morning  
they again broke the doors, dragged the men  
out of the houses and beat three of them se-  
verely. The women and children are in a  
state of terror. The rioters are charged  
with the murder of the workmen who were  
killed in the manager's houses, one  
being badly hurt. As there is no force  
here to protect life, the manager has tele-  
graphed to Sydney, asking the authorities  
to send some constabulary immediately. Since  
January the Lingan coal mine, after a protracted  
strike, has been operated by non-union  
men. A later telegram says two more men  
have been badly beaten by the rioters since  
morning. They attempted to go to work, but  
were set upon and kicked about the head and  
face in a most brutal manner. Doctors have  
been telegraphed for to attend the injured  
miners.

DIGBY BELL.

The Divorced Opera Singer Married Miss Laura  
Joyce.

CHICAGO, March 20.—On the 8th inst., in New  
York, Mrs. Digby Bell was granted a divorce  
and alimony with the proviso that her hus-  
band should not marry again. It now trans-  
pires that on the 11th Mr. Bell registered here  
with a new wife, known to the stage as Miss  
Laura Joyce. Bell explains the prohibition  
against the marriage only applied to New  
York, and that he married to Miss Joyce in  
Pennsylvania. Both are well known mem-  
bers of the dramatic profession, the lady hav-  
ing sung in "Evangeline," "Pirates of Pen-  
zance" and other like musical productions.  
Thence Mrs. Bell figured prominently di-  
verse some time ago, when she separated from  
James V. Taylor, a wealthy Bostonian.

Suspended Payment.

Pittsburg, March 20.—A dispatch from New-  
buryport, Mass., says R. E. & H. Hoopes, private  
bankers at this place, suspended payment to-day.  
No idea of the extent of the liabilities could be  
obtained, but it is said to be from \$60,000 to \$70,000,  
and that the assets will not amount to over \$40,000.  
The firm has been doing business twenty-five years.

DENVER, March 20.—The Exchange Bank of Den-  
ver, A. J. Williams, president, and J. M. Strickler,  
cashier, suspended payment this morning. The  
bank has never been strong, and the failure creates  
little surprise. Other banks are not affected.

THE GEORGIA RAILROADS

CHANGES IN THE EAST TENNESSEE  
SYSTEM MOOTED.

Major McCracken to be Promoted to the First Vice  
President With Headquarters in Atlanta—  
The Proposed Extension in Florida—  
The Georgia Pacific Railroad.

Major W. V. McCracken, the efficient su-  
perintendent of the Georgia division of the  
East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia rail-  
road, has tendered his resignation to take  
effect as soon as his successor can be appointed.  
Major McCracken has resigned to accept the  
position of assistant to the president of this  
extensive line, the place having been tendered  
to him by General Thomas, the president.  
It is the purpose of the management  
of this line to make additional ex-  
tensions in Florida and the  
west, besides building some short feeders  
along the line where they are necessary, and  
General Thomas found it important to have  
an assistant in this important work, and  
selected Major McCracken. Who was ap-  
pointed to succeed Major McCracken is not  
known, but will be in a short time, as Major  
McCracken will be required to enter his new  
office in Atlanta in less than a month.  
He will, however, remain in  
Atlanta for more than a month,  
and will in all probability make it  
his permanent headquarters, as he will be at  
a central point while here so as to reach  
McCracken has made many friends in the  
city since he came here and commenced  
work about two years since. He was then a  
stranger to all our people, and represented a  
foreign corporation, and commenced the con-  
struction of his road through a rough  
country. He built one hundred  
and sixty-one miles of road in the quickest  
time ever made in this country—has run this  
road through three of Georgia's prosperous  
sections and has completed the work with less  
friction than any man could. He has re-  
ceived and deserves the thanks of his associates,  
and will not soon be forgotten by the  
citizens of Georgia for his promptness in ful-  
filling his contracts and his energetic conduct  
towards his company.

DEVELOPMENTS IN FLORIDA.

The East Tennessee Pushing Out Into the Gulf—  
Important Extensions in Prospect.

The visit of General Thomas and Mr. Calvin  
S. Brice to Florida will determine the extent  
and kind of extensions that will be made by  
this company. These gentlemen are now in  
Havana, and it is one











# THE CONSTITUTION,

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY  
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month \$2 50 for three months, or \$10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leading out of Atlanta, and at newsstands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to  
THE CONSTITUTION,  
Atlanta, Georgia.

## FOR ONE DOLLAR.

For One Dollar we will send the DAILY CONSTITUTION from the date of order.

TO MAY THE 1st, by which time the candidates for Governor will have been announced—the convention called—delegates selected—the convention held—the nomination made—the nominee elected—the votes counted, and the shortest campaign of record in Georgia closed.

## The Campaign Constitution

For One Dollar from date to May 1st. The time is short. Every citizen should be advised of what is going on and THE CONSTITUTION will furnish the latest and fullest and freshest information. Only One Dollar for the campaign.

ATLANTA, GA., MARCH 21, 1883.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic states, fair weather, cold northerly winds, shifting to warmer southerly, and rising, followed by falling barometer.

HON. RUFUS E. LESTER declines to enter the race for the governorship. He feels that to be mayor of Savannah is something not to be thrown aside for a term in the executive mansion.

GOVERNOR BOYNTON is taking immediate hold of the Trezevant claim matter and will doubtless soon have the money in the state treasury. As he clearly shows in a letter to the president there is no reason why the money should not be paid to the state at once.

The story of mines and mining, told by our Annoncor correspondent, is full of interest, and evidences that progress is doing its work in every section of the country. The trade that will accrue to Atlanta from this newly developed country will be greater than there is any present appreciation of.

The railroad commission has met a singular situation. B. G. Lockett & Co. say they will have to quit making brick unless freight rates on the Georgia Pacific are reduced, and the railroad officials say if the rate is reduced they cannot afford to haul the brick. The commission will doubtless make a happy solution of the trouble to-day or to-morrow.

GOVERNOR BOYNTON'S letter to Secretary Frelingheysen, in regard to the alleged ill-treatment of the Chinese in Waynesboro, justly declares that the good people of Georgia do not encourage crime, and that proper means will be taken to vindicate the law. The people of Waynesboro deny the many colored statements of the affair which have found their way into the press. It looks very much like a case which has been fixed up by the Chinese ambassador to test the treaty between the two countries.

As will be seen by reference to our local columns, eighteen hundred dollars has been contributed of the three thousand asked to complete the armory of the Gate City Guards. Only twelve hundred is now needed, and we trust our patriotic citizens will continue to be liberal to the soldiers who have this matter in hand. Every citizen who contributes only lends to help build up the city. The money is spent in permanent improvement. The volunteers give their time and money, and all who are able should contribute something to help to construct an armory that will be the nucleus of a fine military organization.

## A QUESTION OF RESPONSIBILITY.

In the Macon Telegraph of yesterday appears the report of an interview with Major A. O. Bacon, from which we make the following extract:

There is one other matter upon which I wish to say something. Prejudice is sought to be cast against me by the charge that my candidacy was announced upon the death of the governor. The facts are these: I received from Governor Boynton, on Sunday, two telegrams requesting me to go to Atlanta to confer as to the state's interest, one of them calling me there on Monday, I did not go until Monday night, so as to be there Tuesday morning. I was very much surprised that morning to find in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION a dispatch dated from Macon to the effect that I had publicly declared my candidacy. That dispatch was sent and published without my authority, knowledge or consent. I have no doubt the author of it did so in good faith, upon the basis of a rumor, for whenever I may have said to my friends and in response to their inquiries, I certainly designed no public announcement at that time, and would have preferred that it should not have been made for a week later. During that day (Tuesday) I was called upon at my hotel in Atlanta, by a reporter of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, with the statement that the proprietors and editors of the paper (naming them) had sent him to me with the request that I would state to him for publication what my intentions were in connection with being a candidate in the approaching contest. I did not at first comply, and it was not until his third visit to me that I consented for anything to appear. I was then controlled by the advice of friends, who said that as the dispatch from Macon had been published, and other statements would certainly appear in other papers with or without authority, it would be better if my intentions should be definitely stated by myself. The rumor was certainly not sought by me. At that time the executive committee had been called together, and the papers were laden with articles and dispatches about other parties who were then prospective candidates.

This is interesting enough to call for some comment at our hands. The statement seems to be intended to create the impression that THE CONSTITUTION, in the pursuit of news, sent a reporter upon Major Bacon and compelled him to announce himself for governor; so that if there was anything wrong or premature in the announcement, the responsibility must rest upon THE CONSTITUTION.

Under the circumstances, it is a responsibility we do not propose to assume. It is true, we instructed one of our reporters to seek an interview with Major Bacon. At the same time, he had similar instructions to seek interviews with other men whose position gave them prominence in connection with the succession. But we could not arm our reporters with authority to compel these gentlemen to talk, much less to announce themselves as candidates. Each and all of them had the right to refuse to say one word in regard to the matter; each and all of them

had the right to make an announcement, or to refuse to make one, as their judgment might dictate. Whatever they might choose to say, was, under the circumstances, of peculiar interest to the people of Georgia. It was in the nature of news in fact, and this news THE CONSTITUTION was interested in printing.

We did not instruct our reporter to pursue Major Bacon into a corner and compel him to talk. Our instructions were based upon a fact not known to the reporter and not necessary for him to know, namely: that Major Bacon had written letters bearing the date of Sunday, a few hours after Mr. Stephens's death was announced, stating that he would be a candidate. We had heard of these letters and had good reason to believe that some of them had been received in Atlanta. In addition to this THE CONSTITUTION had printed a dispatch from its Macon correspondent, a friend of Major Bacon, and an advocate of his claims, to the effect that the latter had publicly declared his candidacy.

Under these circumstances, it was reasonable to suppose that Major Bacon would have something to say, and as other gentlemen were to be sought on the same errand, we did not hesitate to send a reporter to him. The reporter certainly carried out his instructions. How many times he called upon Major Bacon we did not inquire, but when he returned he had in his possession an interview in the handwriting of Major Bacon. We could have no better mark of authenticity than this. Major Bacon's interview was duly put in type and the manuscript returned to him. If it contained any errors no complaint has been made to us.

## PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Macon and Augusta both need and for years have tried to induce congress to give them public buildings. This action, or rather want of action, certainly could not have been based upon the amount already expended in the state. Up to the beginning of the present fiscal year from the foundation of the government there had been expended for public buildings in the state just \$498,648.21! In new and thinly populated Nebraska there had been expended \$624,607; in the interior state of Indiana, \$779,057; in far away Oregon, \$665,983; in fortunate Tennessee, \$1,129,044; in South Carolina, \$3,386,883; and in New York, \$14,314,656. Out of appropriations for public buildings that aggregate \$83,404,221, the old state of Georgia one of the original thirteen and having a long coast line, received the benefit of just \$498,648.21! We have been heavily taxed, in other words, for the erection of buildings to the value of \$83,000,000, and have got in return less than half a million. One-thirtieth of the population of the country lives in Georgia, and on this basis and the extent of our coast line, there should have been expended in the state about \$3,000,000. Nor will it do to say that the public buildings in the state do not justify the erection of costly public buildings. There are scores of such buildings in the country that are not needed as much as a building in either Macon or Augusta would be. Brunswick is better entitled to a fine custom house than many of the ports that have one. Justice has not been done, and we trust the Georgia representatives in the next congress will see that the claims of Macon and Brunswick and Augusta are no longer left among the bills not reached or not acted upon. Nebraska and Minnesota should be compelled to wait until the appropriations for Georgia are brought up.

## "HOSTILITY" TO THE SOUTH.

A correspondent, recalling the recent protest of THE CONSTITUTION against the southern habit of flinching and squealing at every unfavorable or unjust criticism made in the northern press or by northern correspondents, asks our attention to a column article in the New Orleans Times-Democrat, relating to the New York Sun and its traveling correspondent, Mr. Frank Wilkinson. The article escaped us, but our correspondent says it ascribes to the Sun hostility against the south. He says furthermore that those of our readers "familiar with the publications of the Sun concur in that opinion." In other words that the readers of THE CONSTITUTION who read the Sun know that it is hostile to the south.

This gives us an opportunity to drive home the moral which we endeavored to draw in the editorial to which our correspondent alludes. That is to say, neither the readers of THE CONSTITUTION nor any other portion of our population care whether the Sun is "hostile" to the south or not, or whether its correspondent is armed with prejudice. The southern press is in the habit of fretting itself liberally over such things, but the people care nothing about them. For our part, we do not believe the Sun is "hostile" to the south. It would be a ridiculous position for any newspaper to place itself in; but admitting for the sake of argument, that the hostility exists—what difference does it make to anybody on earth?

## TIGHT MONEY.

There is a scarcity of loanable funds in New York, and merchants particularly have difficulty in getting loans. The banks prefer to lend their money upon collaterals to brokers, rather than upon names that may prove unsafe in such times as these. That there is any real scarcity of money throughout the country is impossible. When the old world is sending us gold, and when issues of bank notes, and of gold and silver certificates are unlimited, and so for that matter is the coinage of gold and silver, there can be no lack of money that the country can really take. There may be a want of collaterals, or rather an unequal distribution of this useful article, but money cannot well become scarce for any considerable period. Our currency is now elastic to the last degree, and we can have just as much money as we are entitled to. If we are poor, we cannot have cheap money, but as a people we are not poor, and there must soon be money enough in New York as well as elsewhere. This will probably be the case after the 1st of April, when large sums of interest are to be disbursed.

But this stringency is not altogether a matter of manipulation. It is in part one of the effects of excessive taxation. "Money," says President George I. Seney, of the Metropolitan bank, "is going into the treasury much faster than it is coming out." President Baldwin, of the Fourth National bank, says: "The payment of duties and taxes is

taking into the treasury about \$1,000,000 a day, which is drawn almost entirely from the New York city banks." As the stringency was created in part by excessive taxation there are those who say that Secretary Folger should prepay at once the \$15,000,000 embraced in his bond call due May 1, with interest in full to the date of maturity. The belief is that such a step would unlock \$5,000,000, which sum, together with the gold coming from Europe, would give the market relief until the April interest becomes due and money begins to flow towards New York from the west. The interference of the general government in such matters is generally to be regretted, but as the stringency is partially chargeable to unwise legislation, and as the scarcity of money may be of considerable duration if left to natural causes, perhaps we could stand a mild dose of paternalism without complaint.

## ATTEMPTING TO MISLEAD THE PEOPLE.

There is a small clique of men in this state that has been working for two years or more to put one man in the gubernatorial chair, and by peculiar tactics.

They fight with sinister methods. Instead of putting their man before the people in a frank and manly way and letting him stand on his merits, they hold him in the background and denounce the man who seems likeliest to beat him. Their favorite basis of abuse is to charge the man who opposes their candidate with being the tool of an alleged "ring" that is said to exist in Atlanta.

No matter who the man is—how high his character, or how perfect his independence—the moment he becomes a leading candidate, that moment they denounce him as a "tool" of the alleged "ring." Last year it was Mr. Stephens they denounced. And without mercy they embitter the last years of that great old man's life, as they alleged because of a "trade." He never made any trade and was never asked to make one. Now, it is Governor Boynton, who they claim is being run by the Atlanta ring. If McDaniel comes to the front in the race—or Lester, as either seems likely to do—against the candidate of this clique, then it will be Lester or McDaniel that is the candidate of the "Atlanta ring." Whoever seems likeliest to beat their man is the candidate of the "ring." As long as Boynton is in the lead there are praises for Lester or McDaniel or whoever else will help to break him down in the interest of the clique candidate. Let one of them come to the front and the praises cease and he becomes the "tool" of the "ring."

The people can't be fooled by this sort of stuff. They see where the real "ring" is, and what it is trying to do. As for Governor Boynton, he is in no sense the candidate of any "ring," alleged or real, that we know of. He seems to be largely the choice of the people of Atlanta as of many other communities. Whether Senator Colquhoun supports him or not, the writer does not know and does not seek to know. Governor Boynton voted against Governor Brown when the latter was elected senator—and the senator was openly against Mr. Boynton last winter in the race for the presidency, and has since said he will take no part in the present campaign.

As for THE CONSTITUTION it has absolutely no preference in the matter. If there are any men in the race against whom it ever had a grievance that grievance has been settled to its perfect satisfaction. Out of half-dozen men who are no gubernatorial possibilities it would not give a toss-up to beat or elect any one of them. There is no occasion for making a choice. There is no principle involved in the race and no reason why either man running should not be elected. If we find it proper or necessary to change this attitude we shall speak in no uncertain tones. It is our purpose at present to simply record the progress of the canvass, and keep our readers informed of the true status of either candidate. That our columns have had more of Boynton in them than of Bacon or Lester or McDaniel is simply because the general drift, as every observant man must know, has been in the direction of Boynton. If this drift should change, the public will catch the direction of the new current nowhere so quickly as in our columns. In this campaign we aim to simply be a newspaper. It is but justice to Governor Boynton that we should expose this attempt to mislead the people, and saddle upon him the antagonisms of an influence the positive strength of which he does not command.

## A PUBLIC MARKET.

As the weather becomes warmer the need of a public market will become more pressing. It is to be hoped that the need of such a market will at least become so pressing as to be apparent to every householder, who desires to live in a wholesome city and to conveniently purchase wholesome food at fair and just prices. A city that has stores in nearly every block in which meats and vegetables are exposed for sale, cannot be kept clean and wholesome in hot weather. Meats and vegetables kept in small quantities, not subject to inspection, and without the competition that close contact and contrast would excite, are not likely to be either good or cheap. The public convenience and the public health and the pockets of the heads of families, all demand the erection at the earliest possible moment of a central market. The chicken coops and stale vegetables that meet the eye at every turn, are a disgrace to a city of Atlanta's size and ambition. There is not another city of 50,000 people in the land that permits such things to be. There is not a city of Atlanta's population which is without a public market. And yet Atlanta is peculiarly adapted to the use of one grand central and commodious market. Our numerous horse-car lines would bring people from every ward right to its doors and take them back supplied with better articles of food than they had before been able to buy in the city. One market would be better than two, because if all meats and vegetables consumed in the city were kept in one building it would not take long to redeem the city's reputation as the worst place to do market in the universe. The question really is too clear for argument. If the council can spare the money this year the market house should be erected at once. If it can not spare the money this year this fact should be stated and made plain. All can wait if circumstances compel it, but if the reverse is the case, we have certainly waited long enough.

"It is said," remarks the Courier-Journal, "that in Georgia nearly three hundred miles of road

have been built since the commission was established. Most of this was projected before the passage of the act." Goodness gracious! These trans-Chattanooga editors will be the death of us yet.

THE difficulty with Herr Most and men of his kidney is that they barter themselves hoarse in this country before they discover that the people are governing themselves. After they make this discovery they go off and get very drunk on beer and that is the last heard of them.

THE moralists of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette contend that between the southern summer resorts and the northern winter resorts the rich man is ground as between the upper and nether mill-stones. This, it seems to us, would make a good subject for a poem.

LITTLE boys and girls will be glad to learn that there is a tariff tax of 102 per cent on castor oil. At the same time, it is proper to note the little boys and girls that there is always one more plentiful in the cupboard. This is one of the mysteries of political economy.

EDITOR JOSEPH MEDILL, of the Chicago Tribune, is seeking health and pleasure in Florida. Before the mosquitoes and the black gnats have entirely exhausted his physical resources, we hope he will visit Georgia and take a whiff of our glorious climate.

THE democratic party of Ohio seems to be divided between Pendleton and anti-Pendleton. We say seems to be divided, because the division exists only in the minds of esteemed editors who are jealous of Jouge Thompson.

THE trans-Chattanooga editorial statesman appears to think that there are no railroads in Georgia because the commission was established. We can refer to at least a half dozen without looking at the map.

THE New Orleans Picayune says that "progress gets away from poverty." Alas! the great trouble in this world is that poverty has progress eternally by the coat-tails.

THE republican Indian agents are beginning to shake off the cloth of winter, and we may now expect to hear that the red man is preparing for war.

A SPELLING book is to be arranged in Newbury for the benefit of the anonymous correspondent who spells potato with an "e."

WITH strawberries selling at a dollar apiece, in New York, the north cannot afford to turn up its nose at the south.

THE republican civil service reformers continue to be very proud of the democratic civil service reform bill.

MR. PARRELL is coming over to America, where he can load his pistol and sharpen his razor in peace."

THE fact that Ohio is a pivotal state gives the democrats a good excuse to gnaw each other's ears off.

## DR. DEEMS'S LECTURE.

The lecture of Dr. Deems is not an ordinary entertainment. As an orator, a scholar, and a thinker, Dr. Deems ranks among the very first divines of the country. In New York he is among the most popular and powerful preachers. He is properly placed with Talmage and Beecher as a lecturer, and is preferred by many to either. We assure the people of Atlanta that if they had a proper appreciation of what a treat his lecture will be, every seat would be taken before ten o'clock this morning.

## POLITICAL NOTES.

M. TIRARD, France's new finance minister, was once a working jeweler.

THE democratic local papers are favoring Royal G. Phelps, of Cass county, for governor of Ohio.

A LONDON rumor says that Mr. Gladstone is anxious to be called to the upper house by the title of Viscount, and that an objection in high quarters is made to this.

QUEEN VICTORIA has twenty-six grandchildren, of whom only two are married. While nearly all other royal families in Europe are dying out the Guelphs are increasing.

SEVERAL days ago Secretary Folger wrote to David Davis that a \$1,200 clerkship was at his disposal, and he would like him to nominate a man for the place. Judge Davis sent the letter back with the statement that he did not know a man qualified for the place whom he could conscientiously recommend to accept a government clerkship. "However," he naively added, "I know a lady of good character and well fitted for the place, whom I would like to have your appointment. She is forty years old, and it would be a benefit to her."

THE Boston correspondent of the Springfield Republican says: "The suggestion of General Devereux as the strongest candidate for governor that the republicans can put up against Butler next fall appears to take remarkably well. General Devereux is a man of high standing, and is well liked. No name to-day is so quickly and so generally endorsed as his. He would probably like public life better than the bench, and if nominated would certainly stand. Of his friends say there need be no question. But he is of those who would rather seek the governorship not allow himself to be consulted in any way as to a movement."

UNDER the present national administration the assistants of cabinet officers are never admitted to cabinet meetings as proxies for their absent chiefs, and to those with full knowledge of the facts says the Indianapolis American, the occasion of Mr. Frank Hatton's very amusing several times in the absence of the postmaster general his friends have been called to the white house to inform the president as to what matters in that department required attention at the cabinet meetings. Of late Mr. Hatton would like to be early and stay late; not in the cabinet room, however, but in the ante-room. When the meeting broke up he would come out with some members of the cabinet and slyly whisper to a reporter: "We didn't do anything but talk over routine matters," and the reporter and his comrades would have a good laugh over the wonderful influence Mr. Hatton must have in a cabinet meeting when he is not in the cabinet.

## PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

COLONEL VIRGIL POWERS, of Macon, Ga., is registered at the Kimball.

LOUISE MICHEL is described as an elderly little spinster, with coarse gray hair, twisted up into corker curls.

Mrs. ALEXANDER CARLISLE has bought the birthplace of her uncle, Thomas Carlyle, at Ecclefechan, to insure its better preservation. It will probably now become an established show place.

ALEXANDER DUMAS was in a crowd which was making but slow progress through the doors of a church where they were celebrating a wedding mass. "I expect," said Dumas, "that we will arrive in time for the christening."

MR. CHARLES A. DANA, editor of the New York Sun, was at Harborside last Wednesday to pay a visit to his old friend, General Simon Cameron. The veteran politician met with an accident a few days since, and the visit was prompted by a desire to know the real extent of the injuries received. Mr. Cameron fell over a footstool, striking his head, and injured the muscles of his neck. Mr. Dana found his friend able to move about a little and enjoy a sociable chat, in which there were mutual regrets that the proposed visit to the west must be postponed. It will be weeks before his physicians will allow him to go out of his house.

In taking the chair at a recent meeting of the London Browning society, Mr. Holman Hunt gave an interesting account of his first introduction to the works of Mr. Browning. Thirty-five years ago he exhibited a picture of which the subject was taken from Keats, then almost an unknown poet. This must be "The Flight of Madeline and Porphyrio," at the royal academy in 1848. His admiration for Keats was shared by a young fellow-painter, who placed in his hands "Belshazzar's Feast," and soon afterwards joined him in his studio. The fellow painter was Rossetti. In the discussion that closed the meeting, Mr. Hunt also took the opportunity of saying something about the aim that he had always cherished, his own was to make a poem, he said, had ever been to find out the soul in things.

A LOCAL gossip purveys the following of interest touching the estate of Matt Carpenter: Matt Carpenter's estate, when all settled, has left Mrs.

Carpenter and family \$150,000 in money. His life insurance amounted to \$70,000. Congress gave Mrs. Carpenter one year of the senator's salary, \$50,000. Mr. Carpenter owned for a number of years the Milwaukee Sentinel. This had vainly sought to sell, or almost given away. When the morning papers in Milwaukee were consolidated this stock went up to the estate realized \$25,000 from the sale of this interest. In the sale of a portion of the law library of the late senator \$7,000 was realized. Congress will probably purchase the records and briefs of the library. These are valued at \$8,000. Five hundred volumes of the library were kept out and retained for the use of Paul Carpenter, the only son of the great lawyer. Property in and about Milwaukee was sold so as to realize nearly \$20,000. Mr. Carpenter never tried to save any money, so long as he had his health he could always earn a very large income. He said there was no use trying to save up a large fortune for his family. He made up for this by the amount of his life insurance he carried. This called for about \$2,000 a year in premiums. The result, however, is that the family is left in independent comfort, at least.

## SOUTHERN INTELLIGENCE.

THIRTY-FIVE counties in Kentucky are without newspapers.

A \$300,000 cotton mill is to be erected in Henderson, Kentucky.

The North Carolina State Medical society meets at Tarboro in May.

The Arkansas legislature has passed a stringent law for the protection of timber.

FRUIT planting around Alexandria, Virginia, has been large the past three years.

In the last three years 130 families from the north have settled around Claremont, Virginia.

FATHER RYAN, the poet priest of the south, is to deliver a lecture in Wilmington on April 13th.

MR. W. H. PILLOW, of Jacksonville, Florida, has shipped north up to date 22,731 quarts of strawberries.

MR. JAMES BYARS, of New Abington, Virginia, has seven or eight hundred cattle on hand, which he has fattened this winter.

A BED of coal six and a half feet thick, two and a half miles long and a half mile wide, has been opened in Pulaski county, Virginia.

MA. WM. BOST, of Clear Creek, North Carolina, has an infant seventeen days old that weighs only one pound and a half. Its face is so small that a silver dollar will cover it.

THERE are more building of houses going on now in Columbia, South Carolina, than at any time since 1865. Within the past year real estate has advanced twenty-five per cent in some localities in the city.

GEORGE WADE and wife, of Greenbrier county, Virginia, celebrated the sixty-first anniversary of their marriage last week. For sixty years of this time they have lived in the house they now occupy.

HENRY CLAY THURSTON, who was born in Greenville, South Carolina, but now lives in Titus county, Texas, is seven feet and a half inch in height, has a foot thirteen inches long, wears No. 15 shoes, and the size of his hat is 7 1/2, showing that his head is small in proportion to his height.

## NEW ENGLAND AGAINST THE SOUTH.

From the St. Louis Republican.  
The effort of the New England manufacturers to meet the competition of the southern mills in the western and southwestern market, by a reduction of freight rates, is a significant indication that a long expected revolution has at last been fairly started. It is easy to understand the motive. The factory can be brought to the region from which its raw material comes, the cheaper will be the manufactured product, so that it has been almost a certainty that the manufacture of cotton fabrics must in time be transferred from New England to the south. Necessarily New England possesses at present advantages in the matter of cheap and skilled labor, which counterbalance the advantages of a location near to the cotton fields; but this is an advantage which will gradually be lost. It is already insufficient to weigh against the saving of freight in many cases, and the records of the Georgia factories show a margin of profit which none of the New England enterprises can make comparison. The demand made upon the trunk line railways for a reduction of rates in the admission of all that has been claimed for the southern factories, and however loth the New England manufacturers may be to admit that it marks the beginning of the end. They are making a hopeless effort to block the current of the inevitable and it will fail. The mills of the south will be quick to meet any reduction of rates by the northern lines and the New England factories will find in the end that they cannot maintain their position as cheaply as the southern factories, the right way and the only way to retain their vanishing trade is to remove to such a location as will enable them to curtail expenses. They can go to Georgia or the Carolinas, or they can do better still by coming to the cotton fields. The mills of the south are in the neighborhood, where they will be close to the great cotton states of Arkansas and Texas, and in the very heart of the region of consumption. Why protect their fight against the inevitable?

## THE CASHIER AHEAD.

From the Wall Street News.  
A new bank which had been established in a town in Indiana had engaged the services of a watchman who came recommended, but who did not seem over-experienced. The president therefore sent for him to post him up a bit, and began: "James, this is your first job of this kind, isn't it?" "Yes, sir." "Your first duty must be to exercise vigilance." "Yes, sir." "Be careful how strangers approach you." "I will, sir." "No stranger must be permitted to enter the bank at night under any pretext whatever." "No, sir." "And our cashier—he is a good man, honest, reliable, and thoroughly trustworthy, but it will be your duty to keep an eye on him." "But it will be hard to watch two men and the bank at the same time, sir." "Two men—how?" "Why, sir, it was only yesterday that the cashier called me in for a talk and said to me, 'I have a square man in Indiana, but that it would be just as well to keep both eyes on you, and let the directors know if you hang around after hours!'"

## WEDNESDAY NEWS.

From the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.  
"That big, tall newboy who came at the post-office steps is worth \$20,000 in his own right." It was another newboy who gave this startling bit of information to the reporter. "Yes, sir," continued the talking newboy, "that's Alf—Alf Shattler, and he does the biggest trade of any boy in this city. Why, maybe you don't believe it, but it's true. He makes more money in a day than any of the Fourth street clerks do. Alf averages \$6 and \$7 a day." "But he has to work for it?" "Well, I should say so. Alf began business about a year ago, and he has never been in a loss. He has the boss business of all the boys. Alf will see gentlemen come across the street at all hours, get a paper from him without a word, and walk away, not offering to pay. Those are his regular customers, and he has hundreds of them." Further inquiry disclosed the fact that Shattler is nearly thirty years old. He is married, and lives on his own property on Spring Grove avenue. Out at Midford he owns a farm for which he has paid \$10,000. Besides this farm he owns other property, real and personal, of equal value.

Down at the corner of Fourth and Walnut is another newboy, whose familiar face has been a landmark at that point for ten years past. His name is John Finn. Fourth and Walnut is a busy corner, and no other newboy ever attempts to invade it. Though not so wealthy as Shattler, Johnny can draw his check for \$5,000 and have it honored. He has had his home at the Union Hotel for years, where he regularly pays a fixed sum for board and lodging.

## A Tremendous Influence.

From the Conyer's South.  
THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION has a mighty following and wields a tremendous influence, and at the blast of her trumpet the sound is caught and echoed and re-echoed throughout the length and breadth of Georgia.

## The Orthodoxy of Ohio.

From the Baltimore Day.  
The proposition to nominate R. B. Hayes for governor of Ohio is an evidence that there are people in that state sufficiently orthodox to believe in the doctrine of the resurrection.

## The Baltimore Methodists.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 23.—In the proceedings of the Baltimore conference of the M. E. church south, to-day, an exhibit was made showing the possession of 38 churches, with a probable value of \$750,000, parsonages 24, with a probable value \$127,000, and indebtedness of \$8,000.

THE STAGE.  
EDWIN BOOTH received in Germany \$750 per night.

MARY ANDERSON has engaged James O'Neil as her leading support for her European tour.

MR. H. J. BYRON has written another three act comedy to which he has given the title "Opera House."

MR. JOHN McCULLOUGH has bought a new tragedy called "The Wife of Miletus," written by a young Greek living in New York, Mr. T. T. Timanias.

JAMES BARTON is recuperating his fortunes by the success of his "Iolanthe" company in the west. He will hire a theater in Chicago for the summer.

FRED SCHWARZ will manage Mrs. Langtry next season. Her engagement with Mr. Abbey will expire in April. She will likely pass the summer in California.

MR. CHARLES READE is engaged in dramatizing a novel entitled "The Two Misses Wingate," written some time ago for one of the magazines by Mrs. Charles Tinsley, author of "The Darkness before Dawn."

J. M. PAUL, known to the public by the alias of Miss Belle Cook, who gained considerable reputation as a dashing female dancer, died at San Jose, February 25th. She had a record for ten miles of 20 1/2 minutes, made last year.

THE German critics praise the Othello of Mr. Edwin Booth very warmly, one of them declaring that it is superior to the famous impersonation of that character by Salvini. Such a compliment is almost a new journey to Berlin.

THE veteran and greatest old-time living clown, Dan Rice, has concluded an engagement with the Nathan & Co.'s circus, and will be one of the chief attractions with that show the coming summer. It has been many years since he appeared in the ring in the eastern states.

MILLIE ETEKLA BARRY, lead leading lady of the Imperial theatre, St. Petersburg, will make her debut in April at the Fifth Avenue theatre, New York city, under the management of Mr. Townsend. She includes in her repertoire all the roles of Bernhardt, and gives them in English, French and German.

On Saturday a week ago in Washington, while Paul was wading in the second act of "Iolanthe," the president and George Bancroft entered the theatre. The orchestra stopped the score and played "Hail to the Chief." Paul was angry, and petulantly said: "I like President Arthur, but let him pay enough respect to the play and players by going early."

THERE are four sisters by the name of Ferry, and all of them are, or have been, actresses. Kate and Florence (the eldest and the youngest) have married and retired. Marion is the leading lady of the Court theatre, and is the only one of the four supporting Charles Coghlan in "Comrades." Ellen, the most famous of the quartette, will accompany the Lyceum company to America, and she is by no means strikingly beautiful, but in pose and action is extremely graceful. Lawrence Barrett pronounced







8 PER CENT BONDS

8 PER CENT BONDS OF THE STATE OF Georgia mature April 1883, 1884, 1885 and 1886. For each \$1,000 bond of any of the above class I will pay

\$1,040.

Parties holding will please communicate with me.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

BROKER

AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

OFFICE,

No. 10 East Alabama St.

STOCKS AND BONDS FOR SALE,

INSURE AGAINST FIRE I

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY

OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, - - - \$250,000,000.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE INS. CO.,

OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, - - - \$11,000,000.

The best attention given all applicants. No. 10

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN, AGENT.

BANK

OF THE

STATE OF GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, GA.

CASH CAPITAL, \$100,000.00

SURPLUS FUND, 42,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS, with unclaimed

dividend worth over a million dollars

INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Accounts solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Loans on good collateral and No. 1 paper, always

at reasonable rates.

JOHN H. JAMES, Banker, BUYS AND

Sells Bonds and Stocks, and pays at the rate of

100 cents per annum on monies.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

ATLANTA, March 20, 1883.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

ATLANTA, March 20, 1883.

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ATLANTA, March 20, 1883.

ordinary 9.00 ordinary 8.50; st. 7.50; 6.50;

Receipts for day:

By wages, 35

By Air-Line Railroad, 64

By Central Railroad, 64

By Western and Atlantic Railroad, 35

By West Point Railroad, 35

By T. Tenn. & N. Ga. R.R., 35

By Georgia Pacific, 29

Total, 250

Receipts previously, 133 676

Total, 133 926

Stock September 1, 940

Grand total, 134 866

Shipments for day:

Shipments previously, 110 722

Local consumption previously, 8 871

Total, 119 593

Stock on hand, 20 010

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts for day, 250

Same day last year, 506

Showing a decrease of, 133 926

Receipts since September 1, 133 926

Showing an increase of, 13 919

NEW YORK, March 20 - The Post's cotton market

report says: "Future deliveries, compared with

former quiet days, displayed a certain amount of

activity. The decline at the closing yesterday of

3-100 brou. hit in many buyers for covering, but the

demand was freely met. Much long cotton being

thrown on the market prices experienced a further

decline of 4-100. At 2 p.m. sales were 50,000 bales."

By Telegrams

LIVERPOOL, March 20 - Cotton quiet; middling

uplands 9 1/2; middling Orleans 5 1/2-16;

sales 7,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000;

receipts 35,000; American 25,000; uplands low

middle 5 3/4-6; April and May delivery 5 3/4-6;

May and June delivery 5 3/4-6; July and August

delivery 5 3/4-6; September delivery 5 3/4-6;

October delivery 5 3/4-6; futures opened barely

steady.

LIVERPOOL, March 20 - 3 p.m. - Sales of Amer-

ican 5,000; uplands low middle class April and

May delivery 5 3/4-6; May and June delivery 5 3/4-6;

October and November delivery 5 3/4-6; The Man-

chester market for yarns and fabrics is dull.

LIVERPOOL, March 20 - 6 p.m. - Futures closed

dull and easier.

NEW YORK, March 20 - Cotton dull; middling

uplands 10 1/2-16; middling Orleans 10 7-16; sales

100 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipt

2,500; exports to Great Britain 7,242; to con-

tinent 4,320.

ALBANY, March 20 - Cotton quiet; middling

9 1/2; low middling 9 1/4; good ordinary 8 1/2; net

receipts 2,500; exports to Great Britain 9,866; to con-

tinent 3,620; coastwise 971.

NORFOLK, March 20 - Cotton quiet; middling

9 1/2; net receipts 1,604 bales; gross 1,404; stock

62,554; exports coastwise 1,307.

BALTIMORE, March 20 - Cotton dull; middling

10 1/2; low middling 9 1/2; good ordinary 9 1/4; net

receipts 1,000; exports to Great Britain 1,000; con-

tinent 1,000; coastwise 1,000.

NEW YORK, March 20 - Cotton steady; middling

uplands 10 1/2-16; middling Orleans 10 7-16; sales

100 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipt

2,500; exports to Great Britain 9,866; to con-

tinent 4,320.

ALBANY, March 20 - Cotton quiet; middling

9 1/2; low middling 9 1/4; good ordinary 8 1/2; net

receipts 2,500; exports to Great Britain 9,866; to con-

tinent 3,620; coastwise 971.

NORFOLK, March 20 - Cotton quiet; middling

9 1/2; net receipts 1,604 bales; gross 1,404; stock

ATLANTA, March 20 - Plastering Hair - Active;

Georgia 20 1/2; bushel; western 20 1/2; lath;

car-load, \$2.50 M; less quantities \$2.75 M.

ATLANTA, March 20 - Wool - In fair demand;

washed 20 1/2; unwashed 20 1/2; butty 10 1/2.

ATLANTA, March 20 - Peas - Clay \$1.00 a bushel;

stock 90c \$1.00; white \$2.00.

ATLANTA, March 20 - Salt - Ground Liverpool

\$1.10; Virginia \$1.00 \$1.25.

ATLANTA, March 20 - Hay - Timothy and clo-

ver \$1.10.

ATLANTA, March 20 - Tallow - 50c; demand fair.

ATLANTA, March 20 - Aside from a few insignif-

icant fluctuations to-day the provision market has

undergone no change. Prices steady but firm at

quotations. Cured clear ribs 10 1/2; cash; do. 30

days time 10 1/2; clear sides 10 1/2; cash; do. 30

days time 10 1/2; shoulders 7 1/2; cash; do. 30

days time 7 1/2; hams 12 1/2; cash; do. 30

days time 12 1/2; corn 12 1/2; cash; do. 30

days time 12 1/2; lard 12 1/2; cash; do. 30

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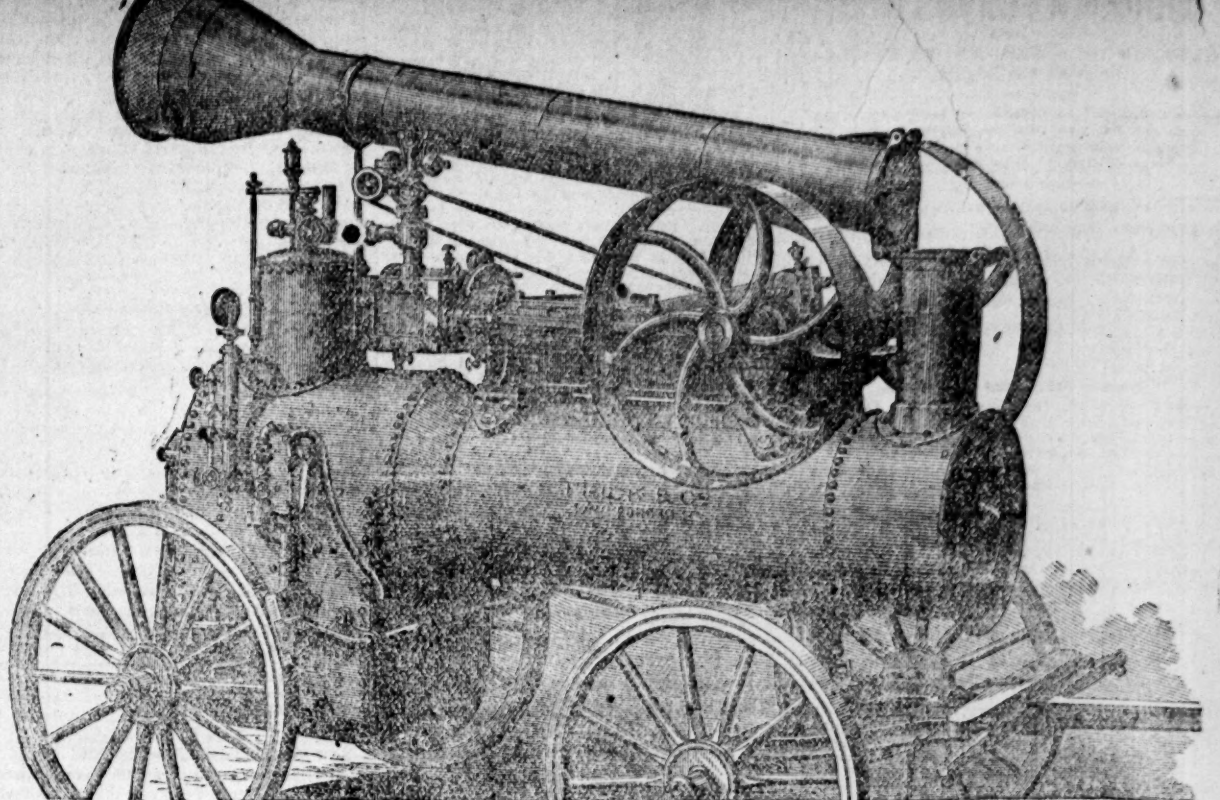
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I have the following unprecedented bargains to offer my old friends and patrons in Georgia: One 20-horse power Stationary Engine and Boiler with Saw Mill, only been used six months, that I will sell for \$2,000, worth \$2,800. One 18 to 20-horse power Eclipse Engine and Saw Mill at \$1,500, worth \$2,700. One 12 to 15-horse power Eclipse Engine and Saw Mill, run one season, at \$1,200, worth \$1,500. One 10-horse power Eclipse Engine, run two years, at \$750. One 8-horse power, on wheels, at \$750, and a number of smaller sizes for driving Separators and Gins at proportionately low prices. Also, Thirty New Remington Sewing Machines, the best known at cost, and last but not least by no means, I am now prepared and building the best Saw Mill on earth at my shop at \$350, and guarantee more and better work than any Mill on the market or I will return, at my expense. I also do all kinds of Foundry and Machine Work, having the best facilities and latest and most modern machinery and appliances. I am right here at your doors and prepared to serve you. Come and see me or write me what you wish and I will prove all I say. Respectfully,

THOS. CAMP COVINGTON, GA.

FIRE INSURANCE.

ANGIER & MOODY,

NO. 7 WEST ALABAMA STREET.

Representing the following well known and reliable Companies:

GUARDIAN OF LONDON, Assets over \$17,000,000

NIAGARA OF NEW YORK, Assets over \$1,800,000

GERMAN AMERICAN OF NEW YORK, Assets over \$3,800,000

CRESCENT OF NEW ORLEANS, Assets over \$700,000

We are prepared to write Insurance in above old and conservative Companies at fair rates. Prompt settlement in case of loss.

We also write Insurance on property in interior towns within fifty miles of Atlanta.

CORRESPONDENCE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

We respectfully ask a portion of your business.



THROUGH THE CITY.  
A GLIMPSE OF CURRENT EVENTS  
IN ATLANTA.

The Day's Events in Public Office.—The Record of the Courts, the Railroads and the Hotels.—Real Estate Operations.—General All Kinds.—Items of General Interest, Etc.

A spirited revival is in progress at Trinity church. The superior court of DeKalb county is now being held.

The police found no babies "lying around loose" yesterday.

The democratic executive committee of the county will meet to-day.

There is a great demand from northern people for Atlanta real estate just now.

It is said that a side track to be placed at Vineyard, on the Central, will be taken to-day.

The remains of Mrs. William Leok were taken to Grady yesterday for interment.

Yesterday a letter box was placed at the corner of Jones and Maumet streets.

What has become of the Sunday school tabernacle that was to have been erected at Ponce de Leon springs?

The latest proposition is to build a summer hotel at Ponce de Leon springs. Cars are now running to the springs.

There is only one barroom in Fulton county outside of the city of Atlanta. After the first of May there will be none.

A vigorous call is being made for library books that are now out to be returned, so that the cataloging may proceed.

There is still a clamor for the horse cars from north Atlanta to connect with the south Atlanta cars by way of Broad street bridge.

"Alek," who was known everywhere as the valet of Governor Stephens, is now employed by Mr. A. L. Kuntz of the Pullman sleeping car company.

Governor Boynton has not yet decided the contested election case from Campbell.

Stated in the examination of an immense lot of papers on the subject last night.

Saloon-keepers are in a row with the ordinary, under the present law, to the first of April. If they fail to do they are liable to conviction and punishment under the section which regulates the punishment for misdemeanors.

THE NEW ASSISTANT.—Yesterday Mr. J. C. Jenkins was sworn in as assistant district attorney for the northern district of Georgia. He is Mr. Spencer's assistant, and will enter at once upon the discharge of his duties.

How Many.—At the church of the Immaculate Conception next Sunday the music at high mass will be very fine. It has been practiced to perfection by a choir of well known voices, and will be equal to the grand Christmas music at the same church which is so pleasantly remembered by the great number of people who have attended.

THE MALLORY LINE.—A circular has been issued by Mr. R. W. Southwick, agent of the Mallory line at Brunswick, stating that, commencing with the steamship Western Texas, leaving New York March 23d, all steamers will touch at Brunswick going south, until further advised. The steamship City of San Antonio will be the last of the steamship Carondelet, and leave New York April 13th.

HAVEY'S MINISTERS.—The above organization will occupy De Giv's opera house Friday and Saturday nights, and on Sunday, March 25th, at 2 o'clock, and on Monday, March 26th, at 7 o'clock, and on Tuesday, March 27th, at 7 o'clock, and on Wednesday, March 28th, at 7 o'clock, and on Thursday, March 29th, at 7 o'clock, and on Friday, March 30th, at 7 o'clock, and on Saturday, March 31st, at 7 o'clock, and on Sunday, April 1st, at 7 o'clock, and on Monday, April 2nd, at 7 o'clock, and on Tuesday, April 3rd, at 7 o'clock, and on Wednesday, April 4th, at 7 o'clock, and on Thursday, April 5th, at 7 o'clock, and on Friday, April 6th, at 7 o'clock, and on Saturday, April 7th, at 7 o'clock, and on Sunday, April 8th, at 7 o'clock, and on Monday, April 9th, at 7 o'clock, and on Tuesday, April 10th, at 7 o'clock, and on Wednesday, April 11th, at 7 o'clock, and on Thursday, April 12th, at 7 o'clock, and on Friday, April 13th, at 7 o'clock, and on Saturday, April 14th, at 7 o'clock, and on Sunday, April 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**MERCHANTS, LOOK!**  
Wood, Tin, Crockery, Glass,  
Cutlery, Show Cases, Seth  
Thomas Clocks, Lamps, Look-  
ing Glasses, Hotel, Bar and  
Restaurant Supplies. Best and  
Latest Styles to the trade strict-  
ly at manufacturers prices at  
**McBRIDE & CO.'S.**

**EPISCOPAL.**  
PRAYER AND HYMNAL SETS.  
All New Styles.

**EASTER CARDS AND SOUVENIRS**  
**HOLMAN, COFFIN & CO.**

**A. F. PICKERT,**  
No. 5 Whitehall Street.  
The only headquarters for the celebrated Meriden  
Britannia Co.'s Electro Silver-Plated Ware. Also  
forks, spoons and knives of the 1847 Roger Bro's  
make, a specialty.

**WATCHES.**  
Just received a large stock of all kind of American  
watches, especially Elgin and Waltham, and which  
will be sold at greatly reduced prices.

**JEWELRY.**  
The latest novelties in necklaces, brooches, brace-  
lets, earrings and pins. Very large stock of fine rings  
always on hand.

**SPECTACLES.**  
I keep constantly on hand the finest spectacles  
and eye glasses, in white and tinted lenses, and will  
guarantee every pair to fit the eye and give satisfac-  
tion for five years. **A. F. PICKERT.**

**REASONS WHY**

The Stevens Patent Watches

are the best.

**BECAUSE**—The time keeping results which they  
have yielded, place them foremost in  
the market for accuracy, reliability,  
and special adaptability for rough  
usage.

**BECAUSE**—They have features of improvement  
that cannot be found in any other  
watch.

**BECAUSE**—Should an accident to any part: a dupli-  
cate of that part can be supplied at on-  
ce, and the watch put run-  
ning again in thirty minutes.

**BECAUSE**—They are endorsed by hundreds of our  
best citizens who have subjected them  
to the severest tests.

**BECAUSE**—It is a southern enterprise, and every  
part of each watch is guaranteed by a  
responsible home establishment who  
have a reputation to sustain.

**BECAUSE**—Purchasers can see in our stock the  
largest assortment of watches ever  
shown in Georgia, and they can see  
competition so far as prices are con-  
cerned.

**J. P. STEVENS WATCH CO.,**  
34 Whitehall Street.

**MEETINGS.**  
Chorus Meeting To-Night Y. M. C. A.  
The second meeting of the chorus will take place  
to-night at 7:30 o'clock in the parlors of the Young  
Men's Christian Association, corner Walton and  
Forsyth streets. The singers will please meet  
promptly at 7:30.

**THE GEORGIA PHARMACEUTICAL**  
**ASSOCIATION.**  
The eighth annual meeting of the Georgia Phar-  
maceutical Association will be held at Athens,  
Georgia, on Tuesday, April 10th prox.  
It is of the greatest importance to every druggist  
in this state that the association, which has  
done much good, but much more remains to be  
done. We hope every druggist will be represented.  
A circular giving particulars will be issued soon.

**J. T. SUTHERS,** Secretary, J. W. RANKIN, President,  
Savannah, Ga. Atlanta, Ga.

**THEY RISE TO REMONSTRATE.**  
The Retail Grocer's Protective Association Passes  
Resolutions.  
Last night the Retail Grocers' Protective association  
met and passed resolutions condemning the  
sale of the fairground property. It is a little sin-  
gular why the gentlemen have delayed the matter  
so long, but they have broken out suddenly with a  
very considerable amount of fire, which they ex-  
press in a preamble declaring the sale fraudulent  
and wrong, and continue: "Therefore be it resolved  
by the Retail Grocers' association, of the city of At-  
lanta, that a committee of three members of this  
association be appointed by the president to mem-  
orize the present city council upon the great  
wrong perpetrated upon the people of the city, by  
said fraudulent sale, and the im-  
portance of at once instituting  
proceedings for the recovery of said property."  
"Be it further resolved, That said committee  
petition said council to allow the name of the  
city to be used in a suit to be instituted  
for that purpose, and that said  
committee be empowered to employ competent  
counsel to undertake such recovery for the people  
of Atlanta. It is further resolved, That said  
committee employ counsel in said case that the  
compensation of said counsel shall be reasonable  
and just and conditioned upon the recovery of said  
property. Be it further resolved, That should  
said city council refuse to allow the name of the  
city to be used for said purpose that said  
committee shall at once employ competent coun-  
sel to undertake such recovery upon the terms  
above named."  
The committee appointed by the chair is com-  
posed as follows: Chas. C. Thorn, chairman; W.  
W. Lively, A. J. Cobb.

**ROADS AND REVENUES.**  
The Meeting of the Board Yesterday The Fence  
Qu Also Resigned.

A called meeting of the board of commissioners  
of roads and revenues was held yesterday to  
consider the matter of building fences around the  
militia districts that have adopted the no fence  
law. The matter was postponed until the next  
regular meeting. After advertising freely for pro-  
posals to build the fences the board received only  
one bid and that was for building half a mile of  
fence, just one-fifth of what is  
necessary. It appears therefore that  
if the work is done it will have  
to be done by men employed directly by the com-  
missioners. It is evident that the work will involve  
considerable expense. It is estimated that the work  
will cost fully five thousand dollars. Another reason  
for the delay is the fact that the question of the  
new law is still pending in the city. The board  
thought that matter would have been settled by  
yesterday. It is also thought that when the legisla-  
ture meets the law will be so amended as to make  
the expense proposed much lighter than it is  
thought this will be. The time for the stock law to  
take effect in four of the districts has already  
passed. The law was to go into effect in Col-  
lins and Adamsville districts on the 24  
of February, and in South Bend, East Point and  
Myrtle on the 15th of March. The law will take  
effect in the Blackhall district on the 15th of April.  
It is a vexing question that is puzzling the commis-  
sioners.

The board passed an order yesterday for an elec-  
tion of a justice of the peace and two constables  
for the new Peachtree district, to take place April  
24th. The store of J. Smith & Co., at Tight  
Squeeze was made the court ground.

## EASTER CARDS

—AT—  
**PHILLIPS & CREW'S.**

**THE OLD BOOK STORE,**  
8 WALL STREET, Kimball House Block.

The Only Old Book Store in Atlanta!  
The Largest in the South!  
The Cheapest in the World!

OLD BOOKS, SEASIDES, MAGAZINES, ENTIRE  
LIBRARIES or SINGLE VOLUMES BOUGHT  
AND SOLD.

**SCHOOL BOOKS A SPECIALTY.**  
CATALOGUES FREE.  
CONFEDERATE MONEY BOUGHT  
W. B. BURKE, Prop'r.

**ALL THE LATE AND  
ARTISTIC DESIGNS**

OF  
**SATIN EASTER TOKENS**

AND  
**EASTER CARDS!**

**LOVEJOY & PITCHFORD,**  
No. 13 Peachtree st., and No. 25 Whitehall st.

**She Needs Clothes.**  
The little baby found on the front steps  
of a Walton street residence needs  
a wardrobe. She is being cared for by the matron  
of the central hospital who makes the following  
appeal in her behalf. There are few more beau-  
tiful, none more innocent than the little stranger  
now very kindly cared for by the matron of the  
central hospital, 46 Ivy street. It is expedient to  
say to some of the younger mothers of the city,  
that the innocent little miss would appreciate the  
gift of a few needful garments, as she was furnished  
with but one suit on Sunday night. Feeling assured  
that there are scores of generous and tender hearted  
parents in the city who will promptly respond to  
our suggestions, we do not hesitate to make it.  
Mothers will know what is needed and will supply  
them at once. The wardrobe of Miss "Centraline"  
is very scanty indeed.

**Commissioner's Court.**  
David Davis, of Harlan county, was before Com-  
missioner W. C. Smith yesterday, charged with  
illicit retailing, removing and concealing distilled  
spirits, on which the tax had not been paid. He  
was held in a bond of \$150.

**God's Work.**  
Meetings are being held every afternoon at 4  
o'clock, in the 5th Baptist church, for the purpose  
and every night for all persons. Everybody earn-  
estly invited to attend, and requested to pray for  
the Divine blessing upon these meetings.

**Y. M. C. A. NOTES.**  
The seats for Dr. Deems's lecture Thursday night  
next are fast being sold.

Twenty-five new members were added last night  
to the already increased membership of the Y. M.  
C. A.

The report of the general secretary shows that  
since March first 128 baths have been taken in the  
Y. M. C. A. bath tubs.

The voice from Cincinnati that is to assist in  
the Y. M. C. A. concert is a rich contralto, and is pos-  
sessed by Miss Ethel Cuppen.

The chorus of the Y. M. C. A. concert is the best  
organized in Atlanta for many years. They meet  
to night for rehearsal. There is nothing Atlanta  
needs so much in a musical line as a well drilled  
chorus.

**BREVITIES.**  
Mr. Marion Erwin has been appointed clerk of  
the district court at Savannah.

Sam Henderson was arrested yesterday by Cap-  
tain Bagby on a charge of cattle stealing.

One of the pleasant Germans for which Kirk-  
wood is so famous will occur at that suburb Friday  
night.

Della Hurst was arrested yesterday by Officers  
Simpson and Farish. She is suspected of having  
committed a theft.

The jury to try the Will Howard case was drawn  
yesterday. The case will come up on Monday next  
in the United States court.

The excursion to Milledgeville, Ala., will leave at  
8 a. m. to-morrow. Go if you can. See information  
in 10 cent column. T. A. Frieson.

Curt Asbury was released from jail yesterday on  
taking the pauper oath before Commissioner Boyd.  
He had served out a sentence for violating the  
revenue laws.

Every business man in Atlanta should join the  
first excursion to Alabama. Special train leaves at  
8 a. m. to-morrow. Read particulars in 10 cent  
column. T. A. Frieson.

**PERSONAL.**  
Mr. J. B. McCoy, of Chicago, is at the Kimball.

Wink Taylor, of Elberton, has rooms at the Mark-  
ham.

Walter F. Ervine, of Norfolk, Va., is booked at  
the Kimball.

Mr. Jno. Terry and wife, of Helena, Ark., have  
rooms at the Markham.

Major John B. Bagley, Jr., of Washington, D. C.  
is quartered at the Kimball.

Mr. W. L. Cokley and family, of New Orleans, are  
at the Markham.

Mr. J. P. O'Donnell left yesterday for New York  
and will go from there to Eu rope.

L. F. Woodruff, a prominent commercial tourist  
of Columbus, Ga., has rooms at the Kimball.

Colonel Thomas McGill, a prominent railroad offi-  
cial from Chicago, is stopping at the Kimball.

Mrs. J. C. Walker and Miss A. R. Walker, of  
Chicago, are spending sometime at the Markham.

Mr. John J. Woodside, superintendent Eagle  
News company, is very ill at 52 West Harris street.

Ex-Gov. James M. Smith, Colonel Mark Bland-  
ford and Colonel Henry Goodrich, of Columbus,  
are at the Markham.

Mr. Myron Brown and wife, of St. Paul, Minn.,  
who have been spending several weeks in our city,  
will leave Saturday next for St. Paul.

**IMPORTANT**

**FINE ARTS**

**MAGNIFICENT**

**WATERCOLOR**

**PAINTINGS**

**PUBLIC AUCTION**

WITHOUT RESERVE,  
Wednesday, Thursday, Friday  
and Saturday evenings, at 8  
o'clock sharp, at the Young  
Men's Library Association.

## CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

ARE NOW RECEIVING THE MOST BEAUTIFUL STOCK FOREIGN DRESS GOODS, NEWEST COLORINGS.  
Parisian Novelties, Latest Combinations in Silk, Satin and Worsted Fabrics.

**WHITE GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES.**

Don't fail to examine this stock; It is attractive with new fabrics in White Goods and latest styles Embroidery and Laces.

**CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!**

Our Carpet Stock now full, Latest Designs, Newest Colorings. Also full stock Wall Paper, Window Drapery, Floor Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc.

**SHOES! SHOES!**

Just opening Splendid Stock Shoes, from best makers, and latest designs.

**SILKS! SILKS! SILKS!**

A LARGE LINE  
**BLACK & COLORED SILKS**  
JUST RECEIVED AT

**D. H. DOUGHERTY'S**  
SPOT CASH DRY GOODS HOUSE,  
FOR THE  
**SPRING SEASON**

Among the Celebrated Brands the following are shown:

OTTOMAN,  
GROS DE LONDRES,  
GROS GRAIN,  
ROYLE,  
GUINET,  
CAUCHEMIRE-MILNO,  
GLACE SURAH,  
MONOPOLY,  
BELLON.

In colors you will find all the  
**NEW & FASHIONABLE SHADES**

—AS—  
CRUSHED STRAWBERRY,  
SHRIMP PINK,  
TERRA COTTA,  
BRONZE,  
SAPPHIRE,  
CHAUDRON,  
BELGIAN.

No other house in Georgia can equal this  
Grand Display of elegant new goods, and no  
house South can sell at so low a figure as

**D. H. DOUGHERTY**  
does by his SPOT CASH SYSTEM.

**BLACK AND COLORED**  
**CASHMERES**  
are now arriving and are shown in many of  
the above shades.

They are light weight for spring wear.  
**NUN'S VEILING**  
in almost all desirable shades and at popular  
prices.

Elegant line of Spring Hosiery just opened.  
Ladies' White Underwear a special feature  
of this Grand Stock-in-charge of Lady  
Clerks.

**LADIES', MISSES & CHILDREN'S**  
**SHOES**  
in great variety, and very cheap.

**39 & 41 PEACHTREE ST.**

**A. O. M. GAY,**  
**CLOTHIER**

—AND—  
**TAILOR,**

**37 PEACHTREE STREET,**  
**ATLANTA, GEORGIA.**

I have now ready for inspection and sale  
the

**HANDSOMEST STOCK**  
of Men's, Youth's and Boy's

**CLOTHING**

I have ever had. I am prepared to please in  
quality, and style the most fastidious, and in  
price, the most penurious.

The suits turned out from my Tailoring De-  
partment are  
**MODELS OF STYLE, FIT AND BEAUTY.**

**NEW STOCK**  
**SPRING CLOTHING**

Elegant Styles, Perfect Fits, Low Prices.

**CLOTHING**

MADE TO ORDER.

**A. B. ANDREWS**  
No. 16 Whitehall Street.

**GEORGETOWN ACADEMY**  
FOUNDED IN 1799  
SITUATED NEAR THE NATIONAL CAPITAL,  
Address 3 miles of the Vindicta, near town.  
REFERENCES:  
Gov. Alex. H. Stephens;  
General Sherman;  
Hon. J. J. Semmes, La.; Hon. Emerson Etheridge,  
Tenn.; Hon. W. C. Whitthorne, Tenn.; Col. E. W.  
Cole, Tenn.; Hon. Sam'l Randall, Pa.; W. T. Wal-  
ters, Ky.; Baltimore; Ex-Gov. Brown, Tenn.; Mr.  
John Ryan, Atlanta.

**FOR SALE OR RENT,**  
—THE—  
**WARM SPRINGS,**  
Meriwether County, Georgia.

SITUATED ON A SPUR OF FINE MOUNTAINS,  
1,500 feet above sea level; possesses more natu-  
ral advantages as a summer or winter resort, for  
both pleasure and health-seekers, than any other  
place in the south.

The Spring is indeed a wonder—affording, with-  
out variation, fourteen hundred (1,400) gallons of  
water per minute, temperature 90°, with most valu-  
able medicinal ingredients, principally iron, sul-  
phur, silica, magnesia, etc., as shown by analysis,  
and supplying the most delightful bathing in  
America.

Good hotel, cabins, livery stable, store, gardens,  
orchards, together with two thousand acres of land,  
150 in cultivation, all in one tract. Titles perfect.  
Address or call on **CHAS. L. DAVIS, Prop'r.**  
Warm Springs, Georgia.

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Warm Springs, Georgia.

## JOHN KEELY

"THE LEADER OF LOW PRICES"

Calls Attention to the following

**NEW SPRING**

**GOODS**

**JUST OPENED!**

10,000 Yards of the Prettiest Calico

**IN GEORGIA!**

At from 5c. per yard up.

**New Spring Dress Goods,**

**NEW NUNS VEILINGS!**

**NEW SPRING BEGES!**

—NEW SPRING—  
**CAMEL'S HAIR GOODS!**

New and Superb Grade

**BUNTINGS.**

New Dress Goods at from 10c.

to \$2.00 per yard.

**New Fine French Combina-**

**tion Dress Goods.**

**New Black and Colored Silks,**

**Black Cashmeres.**

The Finest Line of Black

**French Cashmeres ever offered**

**in Georgia.**

Prices lower than ever before

for similar goods.

**New Pique Cloths.**

**New White Muslins.**

**New Printed Lawns.**

**EMBROIDERIES**

30000 yards of the hand-  
somest Hamburg Edgings and  
Insertions, ever offered in  
Atlanta.

Hamburg Edgings and In-  
sertions by the thousand.

**New and beautiful Lace**

**Goods.**

**New Collars and Cuffs.**

**2,500 new Lace Trimmed**

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